

100 Years of UPSC

Posted at: 13/08/2025

100 Years of UPSC: Building India's Administrative Backbone

Context:

The Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) will celebrate its centenary year from 1 October 2025 to 1 October 2026, marking 100 years of transparent and merit-based recruitment for India's civil services. This milestone highlights the institution's enduring role in building a competent, impartial, and ethical administrative system for the nation.

Introduction

The **UPSC** is India's premier **constitutional authority** for recruiting top-level officers through a **fair, competitive, and transparent examination process**.

It was **established on 1 October 1926** based on the recommendations of the **Lee Commission** (1924) and the provisions of the **Government of India Act, 1919**.

Its primary mission is to ensure **meritocracy** and maintain the **highest standards of integrity** and competence in public administration.

Objectives

- Ensure fairness and equality of opportunity in recruitment.
- Select candidates through rigorous examinations and interviews.
- Uphold transparency and impartiality in the selection process.
- Maintain a highly professional and ethical civil service.

Historical Evolution of Civil Services in India

Pre-1854 - Patronage System

- Civil servants of the East India Company were nominated and trained at Haileybury College (London).
- No competitive examination system existed.

1854 - Macaulay Reforms

- Introduced competitive examinations for the Indian Civil Service (ICS).
- Exams held in **London** from 1855.
- First Indian to qualify: Satyendranath Tagore (1864).

1922 - Exams in India

- Civil Service examinations began in Allahabad and later in Delhi.
- · London examinations continued alongside Indian centres.

1926 - Establishment of the Public Service Commission

- First Chairman: Sir Ross Barker.
- Initially comprised four members and a chairman.
- Functioned under the Public Service Commission (Functions) Rules, 1926.

1937 - Federal Public Service Commission

• Created under the Government of India Act, 1935 for the Federation of India.

1950 - Union Public Service Commission

- Came into existence with the **Constitution of India**.
- Powers and functions defined in Articles 315-323.

Conclusion

The UPSC has been a cornerstone of India's administrative framework for a century, ensuring that **competence**, **merit**, **and ethical conduct** remain central to public service. Its evolution mirrors the transformation of governance in India, from colonial administration to a **democratic**, **accountable**, **and professional civil service system**.

