

AI and India's Future

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AI and India's Future: Balancing Productivity with Inclusion

Context

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is rapidly **reshaping global economies** by transforming industries, employment, and innovation. For India, the key challenge lies in ensuring that AI **enhances productivity** and **generates inclusive employment** rather than **deepening inequalities**. The way AI is integrated into the economy will decide whether it acts as a **driver of equitable prosperity** or a source of **displacement and inequality**.

AI's Potential Impact on Jobs and Economy

- According to the ServiceNow-Pearson AI Skills Research 2025 Report, AI could reshape over 10.35 million jobs and create 3 million new tech roles in India by 2030, positioning the country ahead of Singapore and Australia in AI transformation.
- The International Labour Organisation (ILO) 2025 Study highlights that jobs may evolve with AI rather than disappear completely. However, low skilling levels and a large informal workforce remain structural hurdles.
- Sectoral Impacts:
 - Agriculture: Limited exposure to AI-driven tools.
 - Labour-intensive services: Contributed 55% to GDP and 31% to employment in FY24, but faces high vulnerability to automation.

AI Pathways: Automation vs. Augmentation

• Automation:

- Replaces workers to increase efficiency.
- Raises the risk of large-scale job losses.

• Augmentation:

- Complements human effort rather than replacing it.
- Enhances productivity while preserving employment.
- Nobel Laureate Daron Acemoglu stresses that AI's impact is a policy choice, not
 destiny. India must consciously avoid the automation trap and adopt a human-centric
 approach.

Policy Priorities for Inclusive AI

- Skilling and Lifelong Learning:
 - Embed digital and AI competencies in schools, ITIs, universities, and vocational centres.
 - Reskilling initiatives by firms like Infosys, Tata Steel, and Siemens provide positive examples.
- Reducing Inequality:
 - Build inclusive infrastructure to ensure broad access.
 - Scale up programs such as Atal Innovation Mission, Startup India, Future Skills PRIME, and YUVAi (Youth for Unnati and Vikas with AI).
- Fostering Entrepreneurship:
 - Empower MSMEs with digital tools, computing access, and tailored skilling support.

 Shift focus from unicorn-driven growth to sustainable, employment-rich enterprises.

Ensuring a Competitive and Open AI Ecosystem

- Prevent monopolisation by large, vertically integrated firms.
- Ensure **contestability in AI markets** through:
 - **Open APIs** that provide public access to developers.
 - Interoperable systems that enhance accessibility.
 - Development of Indigenous Small Language Models (SLMs) and vernacular AI tools.
- Treat computing, storage, and datasets as public goods under India's Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) framework.

Way Forward

AI should be seen as a **saarthi (charioteer)**, guiding inclusive growth, rather than as a **vinashak (destroyer)** of jobs. With **right policies**, **strong infrastructure**, **and large-scale skilling**, India can make AI a **driver of equitable growth**. The decisions taken today will determine whether AI **bridges or widens India's productivity and employment gaps**.

Conclusion

India stands at a decisive moment in the global AI revolution. The trajectory of adoption will determine whether AI deepens inequalities or becomes a catalyst for inclusive prosperity. By focusing on augmentation over automation, investing in skilling and entrepreneurship, and ensuring open and competitive AI ecosystems, India can harness AI as a transformative force for equitable and employment-rich growth.

Source: Indian Express