

# Bonn Climate Talks 2025

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## Bonn Climate Talks 2025 : Limited Progress Ahead of COP30

### Context:

The **Bonn Climate Talks 2025**, a key preparatory summit for **COP30 in Brazil**, concluded with **limited breakthroughs**, reflecting persistent **disagreements over climate finance, equity, and adaptation metrics**.

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### About Bonn Climate Talks 2025

- **What is it?**  
A **mid-year UNFCCC Subsidiary Bodies meeting** aimed at laying the **technical groundwork** for the upcoming **COP summit**.
  - **Held in:** Bonn, Germany - **June 2025**
  - **Organised by:** United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)
  - **Objective:**  
To review global climate action, refine implementation tools, and build consensus on key issues such as **climate finance, mitigation, adaptation**, and **loss and damage**, ahead of COP30.
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### Key Outcomes

- **Global Goal on Adaptation (GGA):**
  - Out of **9,000 indicators**, only **490** were shortlisted to track progress in **health, water, and agriculture**.
  - **India** advocated for **context-specific indicators** instead of uniform global

benchmarks.

- **Mitigation Work Programme (MWP):**

- Agreement to retain MWP as a **non-punitive and facilitative platform**.
- **Brazil** proposed a **digital knowledge-sharing hub**, while the **EU** **warned against duplication**.

- **Loss and Damage (L&D):**

- Some progress in linking L&D to **Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)**.
- **Gaps in funding** and **implementation of the Santiago Network** remain unresolved.

- **Climate Finance Roadmap - 'Baku to Belém':**

- Talks began for setting a **\$1.3 trillion/year climate finance target**.
- Major divisions emerged on issues like **grants vs loans** and **mitigation vs adaptation** priorities.

- **Just Transition & Gender Action Plan:**

- Emphasis on **equity-based transitions** and **labour rights**.
- Contentions arose over the **scope and terminology** of a new **gender framework**.

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## **Failures and Challenges**

- **Procedural Delays:**

- Talks were delayed by **2 days** due to a **deadlock over agenda adoption**, mainly concerning finance and carbon border adjustments.

- **Lack of Agreement on Finance Metrics:**

- Developed nations opposed inclusion of **finance indicators under adaptation**, weakening accountability frameworks.
  - **Equity Impasse:**
    - **LMDCs**, including India, pushed for recognition of **historical responsibility**, while developed countries preferred **forward-looking voluntary models**.
  - **Transparency Concerns:**
    - **Inconsistencies** identified in climate finance reports submitted under **Article 9.5 of the Paris Agreement**.
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## Way Forward

- **Strengthen Climate Finance Architecture:**
  - Prioritise **predictable, grant-based funding** mechanisms over debt-heavy loans.
  - Focus funds towards **Small Island Developing States (SIDS)** and **Least Developed Countries (LDCs)**.
- **Ensure Equity in Commitments:**
  - Institutionalise **Common But Differentiated Responsibilities (CBDR)** in COP30 negotiations.
- **Streamline Adaptation Metrics:**
  - Adopt **flexible, context-specific indicators** and enhance **reporting capacity** in developing nations.
- **Institutional Reform:**
  - Empower **technical bodies with clearer mandates** and reduce **political interference** in scientific processes.

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## Conclusion

The **Bonn Climate Talks 2025** failed to resolve critical issues around **finance, equity, and adaptation**, falling short of expectations. As **COP30 in Belém** draws near, **enhanced political will**, deeper **North-South trust**, and a framing rooted in **climate justice** are essential. **Science has delivered its verdict—now, politics must respond.**



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